

Innovation for Wellbeing

Highlights of 1Q FY2015 Results

August 7, 2015

Sompo Japan Nipponkoa Holdings, Inc.





- Top-line steadily increased, and domestic P&C combined ratio also improved.
- Consolidated net income improved by ¥30.5 billion to ¥26.5 billion in the absence of one-time merger costs.

*Unchanged the business forecasts for FY2015

Domestic P&C (Sompo Japan Nipponkoa)	 Core underwriting profit improved by ¥15.0 billion to ¥19.4 billion year on year. Combined ratio, excluding CALI and household earthquake, improved by 9.6 points to 88.0%. Net income drastically improved to ¥19.3 billion (+¥21.8 billion) in the absence of one-time merger costs.
Domestic Life	 Annualized new premium steadily increased, mainly in medical insurance. Net income was ¥3.5 billion, and progressed 34% against the fiscal year forecast (¥10.2 billion).
Overseas Insurance	 Both top-line and bottom-line drastically improved due to full-year contribution of Canopius. Net income doubled to ¥5.2 billion year on year.
ERM & Capital Policy	 Reduction of exposure of strategic-holding stocks steadily progressed to ¥20.7 billion. (During current management plan, total reduction amounted to ¥510.7 billion since FY2012.) We conducted ¥17 billion of share buybacks from this May to June.





Overview of 1Q FY2015 Results – Consolidated basis



• Top-line steadily increased both in P&C and life.

Consolidated net income drastically improved by ¥30.5 billion in the absence of one-time merger costs, and adjusted profit also steadily progressed.

(Billions of yen)	1 Q FY2014	1Q FY2015	Change	FY2015 (Forecasts)
Consolidated ordinary income	802.4	832.9	+30.4 (+3.8%)	-
Net premiums written (P&C)	614.8	652.6	+37.7 (+6.1%)	2,607.0
Life insurance premiums	64.0	67.5	+3.5 (+5.5%)	277.0
Consolidated ordinary profit	53.7	(37.4)	-16.2	230.0
Sompo Japan Nipponkoa ^{*1}	53.9	27.8	-26.0	186.0
Himawari Life	6.4	5.2	-1.2	15.9
Overseas insurance subsidiaries	3.0	6.0	+2.9	25.5
Consolidated adjustment*2/Others	-9.7	-1.6	+8.0	2.5
Consolidated net income *3	-4.0	26.5	(+30.5)	160.0
Sompo Japan Nipponkoa ^{*1}	-2.5	19.3	+21.8	128.0
Himawari Life	4.4	3.5	-0.8	10.2
Overseas insurance subsidiaries	2.6	5.3	+2.6	19.5
Consolidated adjustment ^{*2} /Others	-8.7	-1.6	+7.0	2.1
(Reference) Adjusted profit	-	-	-	228.0
Domestic P&C insurance	22.5	32.5	+10.0	116.7
Domestic life insurance	-	-	-	90.0
Overseas insurance	2.6	5.2	+2.6	19.2
Financial & other services	0.2	0.4	+0.1	2.4

*1 The figures prior to September 1, 2014 are the sum of Sompo Japan and Nipponkoa. (The same shall apply hereafter.)

*2 "Purchase method" accounting was adopted upon the establishment of Sompo Japan Nipponkoa Holdings (the former NKSJ Holdings). In the consolidated accounts of the holdings, assets and liabilities of the former Nipponkoa and some group companies were acquired and carried on the balance sheet at fair value at the time of business integration. (This gave rise to a difference between the carrying amount in the non-consolidated accounts of Sompo Japan Nipponkoa and some group companies', and the carrying amount in consolidated accounts of the holdings.) Therefore, realized gains/losses, etc. of Sompo Japan Nipponkoa must be adjusted, and this adjustment is included in the above "consolidated adjustment."

*3 Consolidated net income denotes net income (loss) attributable to shareholders of the parent. (The same shall apply hereafter.)

Main points of Consolidated Results – (1) Underwriting profit



Core underwriting profit steadily improved mainly due to improving profitability of automobile insurance.

Changing factors of underwriting profit (Sompo Japan Nipponkoa)



	1. Core underwriting profit	2. Catastrophic loss reserve	3. Snow damage in February 2014
1Q FY2014 Actual	¥4.3 billion	- ¥24.0 billion	¥32.7 billion
1Q FY2015 Actual	¥19.4 billion	- ¥25.2 billion	¥0.0 billion

*1 Core underwriting profit is underwriting profit less the impact related to catastrophic loss reserve, and snow damage in February 2014.

Main points of Consolidated Results - (2) Ordinary profit



Ordinary profit would have increased if the last year's impact of snow damage in February 2014 of +¥32.7 billion had been excluded.

Changing factors of consolidated ordinary profit



	1. Underwriting profit	2. Investment profit	3. Other	4. Himawari Life	5. Overseas subsidiaries	6. Other consolidation adjustment, etc
1Q FY2014 Actual	¥13.0 billion	¥41.3 billion	- ¥0.3 billion	¥6.4 billion	¥3.0 billion	- ¥9.7 billion
1Q FY2015 Actual	- ¥5.8 billion	¥38.1 billion	- ¥4.4 billion	¥5.2 billion	¥6.0 billion	- ¥1.6 billion

Main points of Consolidated Results – (3) Net income



Consolidated net income improved by ¥30.5 billion to ¥26.5 billion in the absence of one-time merger costs.

Changing factors of consolidated net income



	1. Sompo Japan Nipponkoa	2. Himawari Life	3. Overseas subsidiaries	4. Other consolidation adjustment, etc
1Q FY2014 Actual	- ¥2.5 billion	¥4.4 billion	¥2.6 billion	- ¥8.7 billion
1Q FY2015 Actual	¥19.3 billion	¥3.5 billion	¥5.3 billion	- ¥1.6 billion

Summary of Business Forecasts for FY2015 – Consolidate basis



(Billions of yen)	FY2014 (Actual)	FY2015 (Forecasts)	Chang	ge
Net premiums written (P&C)	2,508.0	2,607.0	+98.9	(+3.9%)
Life insurance premiums	277.2	277.0	-0.2	(-0.1%)
Consolidated ordinary profit	208.3	(230.0)	+21.6	(+10.4%)
Sompo Japan Nipponkoa	195.1	186.0	-9.1	(-4.7%)
Himawari Life	18.3	15.9	-2.3	(-12.8%)
Overseas subsidiaries	21.9	25.5	+3.5	(+16.0%)
Consolidated adjustment*1/others	-27.1	2.5	+29.6	(-)
Consolidated net income	54.2	(160.0)	+105.7	(+194.8%)
Sompo Japan Nipponkoa	45.0	128.0	+82.9	(+184.1%)
Himawari Life	9.7	10.2	+0.5	(+5.7%)
Overseas subsidiaries	19.4	19.5	+0.1	(+0.5%)
Consolidated adjustment*1/others	-19.9	2.1	+22.1	(-)
(Reference) Adjusted profit	138.3	228.0)	+89.6	(+64.8%)
Domestic P&C insurance	69.9	116.7	+46.8	(+66.9%)
Domestic life insurance	47.4	90.0	+42.6	(+89.9%)
Overseas insurance	18.6	19.2	+0.5	(+3.0%)
Financial & other services	2.3	2.4	+0.0	(+4.3%)

*1 "Purchase method" accounting was adopted upon the establishment of Sompo Japan Nipponkoa Holdings (the former NKSJ Holdings). In the consolidated accounts of the holdings, assets and liabilities of the former Nipponkoa and some group companies were acquired and carried on the balance sheet at fair value at the time of business integration. (This gave rise to a difference between the carrying amount in the non-consolidated accounts of Sompo Japan Nipponkoa and some group companies', and the carrying amount in consolidated accounts of the holdings.) Therefore, realized gains/losses, etc. of Sompo Japan Nipponkoa must be adjusted, and this adjustment is included in the above "consolidated adjustment."

Main points of Business Forecasts for FY2015 – Ordinary Profit



Consolidated ordinary profit is forecast to improve to ¥230.0 billion (+¥21.6 billion) mainly due to increase in underwriting profit.

Main components of consolidated ordinary profit







2. Domestic P&C insurance

(Reference) Adjusted profit

Overview of 1Q FY2015 Results (Sompo Japan Nipponkoa)



 Combined ratio drastically dropped mainly because profitability of automobile insurance improved and because the impact of snow damage in February 2014 was gone.

 Net income improved by ¥21.8 billion to ¥19.3 billion in the absence of special factor of one-time merger costs.

(Billions of yen)	1Q FY2014	1Q FY2015	Change
Net premiums written	555.4	562.7	+7.3 (+1.3%)
(excl. CALI, household earthquake)	484.6	489.9	+5.2 (+1.1%)
Loss Ratio	66.9%	58.6%	-8.3pt
(excl. CALI, household earthquake)	64.0%	55.0%	-9.0pt
Expense Ratio	32.0%	31.6%	-0.4pt
(excl. CALI, household earthquake)	33.5%	33.0%	-0.6pt
Combined Ratio	98.9%	90.2%	-8.7pt
(excl. CALI, household earthquake)	97.6%	88.0%	-9.6pt
Underwriting profit	13.0	-5.8	-18.8
Investment profit	41.3	38.1	-3.1
Ordinary profit	53.9	27.8	-26.0
Net income	-2.5	(19.3)	(+21.8)
Net income	-2.5	19.3	+21.8
+Provisions for catastrophic loss reserve (after tax)	-6.0	17.9	+23.9
+Provisions for reserve for price fluctuation (after tax)	1.3	1.4	+0.0
-Gains/losses on sales of securities and impairment losses on securities (after tax)	8.4	5.0	-3.3
-Special factors (after tax) ^{*1}	-39.9	-	+39.9
Adjusted profit	24.5	(33.6)	(+9.1)

*1 Special factors are one-time merger costs, etc.



Net premiums written increased by 1.3% due to the impact of product and premium rate revisions of automobile insurance, etc.

Net premiums written by product line

(Billions of yen)	1Q FY2014	1Q FY2015	Change	FY2015 (Forecasts)	
Fire and Allied Lines	73.7	69.7	-4.0 (-5.5%)	312.5	
Marine	12.5	12.7	+0.2 (+1.6%)	55.5	_
Personal Accident	53.0	54.6	+1.5 (+3.0%)	186.4	(Re [.] volu
Voluntary Automobile	262.8	271.4	+8.6 ((+3.3%)) 1,086.2	(er
CALI	70.6	72.6	+1.9 (+2.8%)	304.8	
Other	82.6	81.5	-1.0 (-1.3%)	274.9	
of which, Liability	53.4	49.9	-3.5 (-6.6%)	153.0	
Total	555.4	562.7	+7.3 ((+1.3%)	2,220.6	No
				. ,	Fle
Total (excl. CALI, household earthquake)	484.6	489.9	+5.2 (+1.1%)	1,914.7	To

(Reference) Year-on-Year comparison of voluntary automobile insurance (end of June 2015)

	Sompo Japan Nipponkoa				
	# of vehicles				
Non-Fleet	-1.0%	(+5.1%)	+4.0%		
Fleet	+0.6%	+5.9%	+6.6%		
Total	-0.7%	+5.1%	(+4.4%)		

(Main factors for growth of net premiums written)

Fire and Allied Lines: mainly due to decreasing premiums of overseas assumed reinsurance.

Voluntary Automobile: mainly due to the impact of product and premium rate revisions.

Other: mainly due to decreasing premium because of improvement of underwriting result in certain big contracts (liability).

*Performance evaluation basis





 Loss ratio drastically dropped mainly because profitability of automobile insurance improved and because the impact of snow damage in February 2014 was gone in fire and allied lines.

Loss ratio by product line

	Net claim	s paid	Loss Rat	io (W/P)		
(Billions of yen)		Change		Change		
Fire and Allied lines	44.2	-30.8	65.1%	-38.6pt		
Marine	5.8	+0.7	49.5%	+6.8pt		
Personal Accident	24.6	-0.0	48.8%	-2.4pt		
Voluntary Automobile	136.9	-6.9	58.0%	-4.4pt		
CALI	54.8	-0.7	82.7%	-3.6pt		
Other	31.0	-3.5	41.2%	-3.7pt		
of which, Liability	18.3	-1.5	39.7%	-0.2pt	(Reference) E/I Loss ratio	change
Total	297.6	-41.4	58.6%	-8.3pt	Voluntary Automobile 62.0%	-4.0pt
Total (excl. CALI, household earthquake)	242.7	-40.6	55.0%	-9.0pt	Total (excl. CALI, household 61.5% earthquake)	-1.2pt
Total (excl. CALI, household earthquake, domestic natural disasters)	233.1	+1.6	53.6%	+0.3pt		



Net expense ratio dropped by 0.6 points due to the continuous reduction of company expenses as well as the growth of net premiums written.

Net expense

(Billions of yen)	Amount		Net expense ratio		I
(Change		Change	
Net commissions and brokerage fees	102.4	+1.5	18.2%	+0.0pt	
Operating, general and administrative expenses *	75.4	-1.4	13.4%	-0.4pt	\rightarrow
Total	177.9	+0.0	31.6%	-0.4pt	
Total (excl. CALI, household earthquake)	161.4	-1.0	33.0%	-0.6pt	

* Only for underwriting

Company expense

(Billions of yen)	Amour	nt	% of net premium	
	C	hange		Change
Personnel expenses	33.8 🤇	-1.7) 6.0% (-0.4pt
Non-Personnel expenses	36.4 🤇	-0.3) 6.5% (-0.1pt
Tax and contributions	5.2	+0.6	0.9%	+0.1pt
Total	75.4	-1.4	13.4% 🤇	-0.4pt



Combined ratio improved faster than planned to 88.0% due to drastic improvement of loss ratio, etc.

Trends of combined ratio (excl. CALI, household earthquake)



Combined Ratio (excl. CALI, household earthquake)

-----Reference; Combined Ratio (excl. CALI, household earthquake, domestic natural disasters)

Investment Profit



 Investment profit, in particular net interest and dividend income, progressed in line with FY2015 forecast, and amounted to ¥38.1 billion (progressed 36% against the forecast).

(Billions of yen)	1Q FY2014	1Q FY2015	Change	(Reference) FY2015 (Forecasts)
Interest and dividend income	37.2	34.8	-2.3	106.6
Net interest and dividend income 1	25.4	23.7	-1.7	64.0
Gains on sales of securities 2	12.2	9.7	-2.5	58.4
of which, gains on sales of domestic stocks	10.4	7.3	-3.0	53.2
Impairment losses on securities 3	-0.1	-2.6	-2.5	-20.5
of which, impairment losses on domestic stocks	-0.0	-2.6	-2.6	-20.5
Gains on derivatives 4	0.3	0.0	-0.3	0.0
Other investment income 5	3.3	7.2	3.8	4.0
Investment profit 1+2+3+4+5	41.3	(38.1)	-3.1	(106.0)

Mainly foreign exchange gains

(Reference) Adjusted profit

Business Forecasts for FY2015 – Sompo Japan Nipponkoa



(Billions of yen)	FY2014 Actual	FY2015 Forecast	Change
Net premiums written	2,181.3	2,220.6	+39.3 (+1.8%)
(excl. CALI, household earthquake)	1,875.2	1,914.7	+39.5 (+2.1%)
Loss Ratio	65.6%	62.5%	-3.1pt
(excl. CALI, household earthquake)	63.2%	59.7%	-3.5pt
E/I Loss Ratio (excl. CALI, household earthquake)	63.8%	60.2%	-3.5pt
Expense Ratio	31.8%	31.4%	-0.4pt
(excl. CALI, household earthquake)	33.6%	33.1%	-0.6pt
Combined Ratio	97.4%	93.8%	-3.6pt
(excl. CALI, household earthquake)	96.8%	92.7%	(,
Underwriting profit	45.2	88.0	+42.7 (+94.6%)
Investment profit	151.5	106.0	-45.5 (-30.1%)
Ordinary profit	195.1	186.0	-9.1 (-4.7%)
Net income	45.0	(128.0	+82.9 (+184.1%)
+Provisions for catastrophic loss reserve (after tax)	-7.7	16.6	+24.4
+Provisions for reserve for price fluctuation (after tax)	6.3	5.8	-0.4
-Gains/losses on sales of securities and impairment losses on securities (after tax)	45.6	26.9	-18.6
-Special factors (after tax) ^{*1}	-80.0	-	+80.0
Adjusted profit	77.9	(123.5	+45.5 (+58.4%)

*1 Special factors are one-time merger costs, etc.

Assumption of Business Forecasts – Sompo Japan Nipponkoa



Losses from domestic natural disasters (occurring in the fiscal year)	¥43.0 billion		
Snow damage in February 2014	Net claims paid : ¥5.3 billion		
Catastrophic loss reserve	Net provision : ¥23.4 billion		
Provision rate of catastrophic loss reserve	Provision rate of fire group : 10% Provision rate of automobile group : 3.2%		
Market indicators	(Stock) Nikkei 225 : ¥19,206 (Interest yield) 10y JGB : 0.41% (Foreign exchange) 1US\$: ¥120.17 1Euro : ¥130.32		
Interest and dividend income	Gross : ¥106.6 billion Net : ¥64.0 billion		
Realized gains on securities	Realized gains on security sales : ¥58.4 billion Impairment losses on securities : ¥20.5 billion		
Reserve for price fluctuation	Net provision : ¥8.2 billion		

(Reference) Related Indicators of Automobile Insurance



Trends of combined ratio





,						
emium rate revisions & driver rating system revision (non-fleet)						
	Sompo Japan	Nipponkoa				
FY2010	Apr. +0.8%	Dec. +1.4%				
FY2011	Apr. +1.7%	Jan. +1.8%				
FY2012	Oct. Driver rating	g system revision				
FY2013	Apr. +2.1%	Apr. +2.0%				
FY2014	Jul. +2.5%	Sep. +2.5%				

Trends of the number of reported claims^{*1}



*1 Special factors in each fiscal year (The Great East Japan Earthquake, typhoon No.12 and 15 in FY2011, the severe storm in April 2012, and snow damage in February 2014) are excluded.

(Reference) Domestic Natural Disasters



• There were no large-scale domestic natural disasters in 1Q FY2015.

Net claims paid

(Billions of yen)	1Q FY2014	1Q FY2015	Change
Fire and Allied lines	0.2	0.2	+0.0
Marine	-	-	-
Personal Accident	0.0	-	-0.0
Voluntary Automobile	0.0	0.0	+0.0
Other	0.0	0.0	-0.0
Total	0.2	0.3) (+0.0)
		Incurred lo assumptior full year fore ¥43.0 billio	n of casts

*Above figures are net claims paid caused by domestic natural disasters incurred in the fiscal year. Net claims paid incurred in the previous year are not included. * Since outstanding loss reserve is worked out by compendium method in the quarterly results, incurred losses related to natural disasters were not aggregated.





Overview of 1Q FY2015 Results (Himawari Life)



- Annualized new premium increased, mainly in medical insurance, and progressed 25% against the fiscal year forecast (¥39.5 billion).
- Policies in force steadily increased mainly in protection-type product.

(Billions of yen)	1Q FY2014	1Q FY2015	Cha	ange	FY2014	FY2015 (Forecast)	Cha	ange
Annualized new premium	7.9	10.0 🤇	+2.0	(+26.4%)	35.6	39.5 🤇	+3.9	(+11.0%)
Premium and other income	89.4	92.7	+3.3	(+3.7%)	380.7	390.8	+10.0	(+2.6%)
(excl. lump-sum payment)	88.6	91.2	+2.5	(+2.9%)	377.5	387.9	+10.3	(+2.7%)
Ordinary profit	8.0	6.5	-1.4	(-18.7%)	22.5	20.2	-2.3	(-10.4%)
Net income	4.4	(3.5 ^{*1}	-0.8	(-20.0%)	9.7	10.2	+0.5	(+5.7%)
Growth in adjusted EV	-	-			47.4	90.0	+42.6	(+89.9%)

*1 Net income decreased because temporary hike of reversal of policy reserve decreased (impact of increase in policy transfer due to launch of new medical insurance for the first time in 6 years).



3. Domestic life insurance

Profit (J-GAAP)



Basic profit in 1Q FY2015 was ¥6.8 billion, and almost the same as that in 1Q FY2014.

Basic profit^{*1}



*1 Akin to a general business corporation's operating profit or a bank's business profit, basic profit is after deduction of capital gain or loss, such as gain or loss on the sale of securities from recurring profit, and one-time gains or losses such as provision for contingency reserve.

Net income





(Reference) Sales of Medical Insurance Products



Sales of medical Insurance products was about 80 thousand (of which simple underwriting medical was 15 thousand) in 1Q FY2015, and steadily progressed against the annual target of 300 thousand.

Number of sales of medical insurance







Overview of 1Q FY2015 Results (Net Premiums Written, Net Income)

SOMPO HOLDINGS

• Both top-line and bottom-line drastically increased due to contribution of Canopius.

Net premiums written



* Net premiums written of subsidiaries and affiliates reflect holding shares of each company. This treatment does not coincide with financial statements. The net income figures also have been adjusted to reflect shareholdings and other factors.



• Europe contributed the most both in top-line and bottom-line.



* Net premiums written of subsidiaries and affiliates reflect holding shares of each company. This treatment does not coincide with financial statements. The net income figures also have been adjusted to reflect shareholdings and other factors.

Business Results by Company

Performance of overseas subsidiaries

(Billions of	(Billions of yen)		Net premiums written		Net income				
		1Q FY2015	Change	FY2015 (Forecast)	1Q FY2015	Change	FY2015 (Forecast)	Key points of net income in 1Q FY2015	
North America	SJ America	4.5	+1.5	23.9	0.0	-0.2	2.7	Loss ratio of automobile insurance, etc. slightly increased.	
Europe	SJNK Europe + NK Europe	2.1	+0.3	5.3	-0.3	-0.2	0.4	Due to one-time big claims.	
	Canopius (UK)	34.2	+34.2	150.5	4.1	+4.1	9.0	Mainly because investment profit exceeded initial forecast.	
Asia & Middle	SJ Sigorta (Turkey)	5.5	+0.5	22.5	0.5	-0.3	1.8	In line with the plan .	
East	Tenet Sompo (Singapore)	2.6	-0.3	8.3	0.3	-0.2	0.8	In line with the plan.	
	Berjaya Sompo (Malaysia)	2.9	+0.4	12.5	0.1	-0.1	1.3	Loss ratio slightly increased but on improving trend.	
	SJNK China + NK China	1.8	-0.3	7.6	0.2	+0.1	0.0	In line with the plan.	
	SJNK Hong Kong	1.1	+0.1	4.3	0.2	-0.0	0.6	In line with the plan.	
	Universal Sompo (India)	0.8	+0.2	3.2	0.0	+0.0	0.1	In line with the plan.	
South America	Yasuda Maritima (Brazil)	22.6	-8.1	105.2	-0.2	-0.4	2.1	Expected to turn to black going forward due to improvement of loss ratio.	
Total		78.5	+28.6	343.7	5.2	+2.6	19.2	_	

* Net premiums written of subsidiaries and affiliates reflect holding shares of each company. This treatment does not coincide with financial statements. The net income figures also have been adjusted to reflect shareholdings and other factors.





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Financial Soundness – Internal Solvency Ratio



Maintain strong financial soundness against a backdrop of favorable market conditions.

Trend of internal solvency ratio





Internal solvency ratio is the indicator of financial soundness on economic value basis calculated according to Solvency II.
Targeting roughly 120%-170%.
120%: The level leading to stable financial soundness, based on the result of stress test, etc.
170%: The level set based on capital efficiency.
*To be verified annually in principle, based on situation of ROE

target and risk.

(Reference) Breakdown of Adjusted Capital and Risk



Trend of adjusted capital

(Trillions of yen)



Trend of breakdown of risk*4 by business

(Trillions of yen)



*1 Reserve for price fluctuation and catastrophic loss reserve, etc. (after tax)

- *2 Unrealized gains and losses on securities, etc., including non mark-to-market assets (e.g. policy reserve matching bonds)
- *3 Total of net assets on non-consolidated balance sheets, and value in force of P&C and life insurance business.

*4 Risk : 1 year holding period, 99.95% VaR (AA equivalent confidence level) Risk amount of each business:

99.95% VaR before reflecting risk diversification effect among businesses and before-tax basis. Group total risk:

Sum of risk amount of each business less risk diversification effect among businesses and tax impact.

(Reference) Market Sensitivity



Market sensitivity of internal solvency ratio



Asset Portfolio (Group-wide)



- Aim at stable investment profit through the ALM, considering the character of liability and liquidity.
- Continue to sell the domestic stocks according to the plan for reduction of strategic-holding stocks.

Amount of investment assets (Group consolidated base, as of end of June 2015)



*1 Other includes lands, buildings and stocks of non-consolidated subsidiaries, etc.

Asset Portfolio (Sompo Japan Nipponkoa, non-consolidated)

SOMPO HOLDINGS

The general account is managed with diversified investments while the saving-type account utilizes portfolio management based on ALM.

Amount of investment assets (Sompo Japan Nipponkoa, non-consolidated)



Proportion of general account



* Breakdown of foreign securities (foreign currencies) (End of Jun. 2015)

	USD	EUR	Others	Total
Bonds	26%	13%	10%	50%
Funds, etc.	22%	0%	6%	28%
Subsidiaries, affiliates	4%	5%	13%	22%
Total	52%	18%	30%	100%

Proportion of saving-type account



Asset/Liability Duration (Saving-type)

	End of Mar. 2015	End of Jun. 2015
Asset	4.5y	4.5y
Liability	6.2y	6.3y

Asset Portfolio (Himawari Life, non-consolidated)



Manage the portfolio through disciplined ALM, which mainly consists of yen-denominated interest-bearing assets.

Amount of investment assets (Himawari Life, non-consolidated)



_	End of Mar. 2015	End of Jun. 2015
Asset	13.2y	13.2y
Liability	19.0y	18.7y

* Duration is adjusted based on the difference of amount balance of asset and liability to control duration gap appropriately.

5. ERM & Capital policy

Reduction of Strategic-holding Stocks



- Continued to reduce the strategic-holding stocks in line with the initial plan, and the total reduction from FY2012 to 1Q FY2015 amounted to ¥510.7 billion.
- In accordance with the Corporate Governance Code, we continue to reduce strategic-holding stocks from FY2016 onward.





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Strategic Risk Management (ERM)



- Promote Strategic Risk Management (ERM) which is mixture of business strategy and risk management.
- Aim to maximize the corporate value by controlling the balance among capital, return and risk appropriately.



Risk Appetite Principles

- (1) Become a globally competitive group while controlling the balance among capital, return and risk appropriately, and maximizing corporate value by improving capital efficiency.
- (2) Gain greater profit by taking risks via financial and other services in addition to insurance underwriting and investment.
- (3) Retain competitiveness among global insurers by maintaining financial soundness with a target credit rating of AA.
- (4) Maintain the stable return, and target adjusted consolidated ROE of over 7% in FY2015 to ensure group's sustainable growth.

Numerical Management Targets, Definition, etc.



(Billons of yen)				FY2012	FY2013	FY2014	FY2015			
				(Actual)	(Actual)	(Actual)	(1Q Actual)	(Forecast)	(Plan)	
Domestic P&C insurance ^{*1} Adjusted profit		-8.9	6.5	69.9	32.5	116.7	70.0 -80.0	Definition of adjusted pro		
	Sompo Japan Nipponkoa ^{*2}	Net premiums written		1,966.2	2,082.1	2,181.3	562.7	2,220.6	2,040.0	
		[(excl. CALI)	1,691.7	1,783.9	1,876.0	490.1	1,915.8	1,740.0	Domestic P&C insurance ^{*1}
		Loss ratio		72.0%	65.7%	65.6%	58.6%	62.5%	65.6%	Net income
		[(excl. CALI/Fin. Guarantee)	68.8%	62.7%	63.2%	55.0%	59.6%	62.8%	 + Provisions for catastrophic least of the second se
		Expense ratio		33.4%	32.2%	31.8%	31.6%	31.4%	30.6%	- Gains/losses on sales of secu
		[(excl. CALI)	35.2%	34.2%	33.6%	32.9%	33.1%	32.6%	losses on securities (after ta - Special factors
		Combined ratio		105.4%	97.9%	97.4%	90.2%	93.8%	96.2%	Domestic life insurance
		[(excl. CALI/Fin. Guarantee)	104.1%	96.9%	96.8%	87.9%	92.7%	95.3%	Growth in embedded value (E
-	Domestic life insurance		owth in embedded ue (EV)	107.8	85.7	47.4	-	90.0	100.0 - 110.0	 Capital transactions such as e Changes in EV attributable to
Ove	Overseas		t income	11.8	7.8	18.6	5.2	19.2	14.0 - 20.0	rates, etc.
ins	insurance									Overseas insurance
	Financial & other services		t income	0.7	1.5	2.3	0.4	2.4	2.0 - 3.0	Net income
	Group total			111.6	101.5	138.3	-	228.0		Financial and other services
Gro			justed consolidated ofit						180.0 - 210.0	Net income
Adjusted consolidated ROE*3			5.4%	4.3%	5.2%	_	7.6%	Over 7%		

n of adjusted profit

%	Net income
%	 + Provisions for catastrophic loss reserve (after tax) + Provisions for reserve for price fluctuation (after tax)
%	- Gains/losses on sales of securities and impairment
%	losses on securities (after tax) - Special factors
%	Domestic life insurance
%	Growth in embedded value (EV)
) -	- Capital transactions such as equity issuance
.0	 Changes in EV attributable to fluctuation of interest rates, etc.
.0	Overseas insurance
.0	Net income
	Financial and other services
-)	Net income
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*1 Total of Sompo Japan Nipponkoa, Sonpo 24, and Saison Automobile & Fire (non-consolidated).

*2 The figures prior to September 1, 2014 are the sum of Sompo Japan and Nipponkoa.

*3 Adjusted consolidated ROE = Adjusted consolidated profit / [Consolidated net assets (excluding life insurance subsidiary's net assets) + Catastrophic loss reserve (after tax) + Reserve for price fluctuation (after tax) + Life insurance subsidiary's EV]

*The denominator is the average balance at the end/start of each fiscal year.

Note Regarding Forward-looking Statements

The forecasts included in this document are based on the currently available information and certain assumptions that we believe reasonable. Accordingly, the actual results may differ materially from those projected herein depending on various factors.

Contacts

