Corporate Name: NKSJ Holdings, Inc.

Representatives: Makoto Hyodo, Chairman and Co-CEO

Masatoshi Sato, President and Co-CEO

Securities Code: 8630, TSE, OSE

NKSJ Group Asset Management Subsidiaries to Merge and Become a Direct Subsidiary of NKSJ Holdings

Sompo Japan Asset Management Co., Ltd. (SJAM) and ZEST Asset Management Ltd. (Zest AM), the asset management subsidiaries of, respectively, SOMPO JAPAN INSURANCE INC. (Sompo Japan) and the NIPPONKOA Insurance Co., Ltd. (Nipponkoa), NKSJ Holdings' main subsidiaries, will merge on October 1, 2010 (date subject to change), and the merged entity will become a direct subsidiary of NKSJ Holdings. Each of Sompo Japan's and Nipponkoa's board of directors formally approved the details today.

This will be the first instance of an NKSJ Group company, other than Sompo Japan or Nipponkoa, becoming a direct subsidiary of NKSJ Holdings since its establishment on April 1, 2010.

1. Purpose of merger and of making merged entity a direct subsidiary

The asset management subsidiaries will be merged to enhance the functions of the NKSJ Group's asset management operations. As a strategic subsidiary in which the NKSJ Group's asset management functions are concentrated, the merged entity will be moved from indirect subsidiary status to become a direct subsidiary of NKSJ Holdings.

After this organizational restructuring, a certain part of Sompo Japan's and Nipponkoa's investment operations are scheduled to be transferred to the merged entity, effectively merging the two companies' investment functions that manage securities held as pure investments. After these investment operations are transferred to the merged entity, NKSJ Holdings intends to expand its asset management business and enhance the NKSJ Group's profitability by consolidating the securities investment functions to enhance professional skills and diversifying assets under management.

2. Outline of organizational restructuring

- (1) Date of merger and of making merged entity a direct subsidiary October 1, 2010 (subject to change)
- (2) Merger method and change of company name

 Absorption merger with SJAM as the surviving entity. The merged entity will be renamed SOMPO JAPAN NIPPONKOA Asset Management Co.,Ltd.
- (3) Merger ratio

1.204167 = 7,225 / 6,000 shares of SJAM common stock are to be delivered for each share of Zest AM common stock (ratio subject to change). The merger ratio will be agreed on by discussion between the concerned parties, with reference to results of calculations requested from independent appraiser.

*New SJAM shares to be issued in conjunction with the organizational restructuring: 7,225 shares of common stock (subject to change)

(4) Method by which merged entity will become NKSJ Holdings' direct subsidiary

Shares of the new asset management company held by Sompo Japan and Nipponkoa will be delivered in-kind to NKSJ Holdings.

3. Overview of parties to merger (as of end-March 2010)

(1)	Corporate Name	Sompo Japan Asset Management	ZEST Asset Management Ltd.
		Co., Ltd.	
(2)	Location	Chuo-ku, Tokyo	Minato-ku, Tokyo
(3)	Title and Name of	Koki Kazuma, President	Toyomi Onuma, President
	Representative*		
(4)	Lines of Business	Investment advisory business	Investment advisory business
		Investment trust business	
(5)	Capital	¥1,550 million	¥300 million
(6)	Date of Incorporation	February 1986	November 1997
(7)	Total Number of Issued	16,860	6,000
	Shares		
(8)	End of Fiscal Year	March	March
(9)	Number of Employees	99	13
(10)	Shareholders and	SOMPO JAPAN INSURANCE INC.	NIPPONKOA Insurance Co., Ltd
	Shareholding Ratios	70.0%	100%
		The TCW Group Inc. 30.0%	
(11)	Assets under	Investment advisory ¥1,442.4bn	Investment advisory ¥43.4bn
	Management	Investment trust ¥213.6bn	

^{*}As of July 30, 2010.

4. Overview of merged entity after organizational restructuring

(1) Corporate Name	SOMPO JAPAN NIPPONKOA Asset Management Co., Ltd.	
(2) Head Office	Chuo-ku, Tokyo	
(3) Title and Name of	Koki Kazuma, President	
Representative		
(4) Lines of Business	Investment advisory business, Investment trust business	
(5) Capital	¥1,550 million	
(6) End of Fiscal Year	March	
(7) Shareholders	NKSJ Holdings, Inc. 79.0%	
(subject to change)	The TCW Group Inc. 21.0%	

5. Outlook

This organizational restructuring will not materially affect the consolidated results of NKSJ Holdings for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2011.

Note Regarding Forward-looking Statements

This document includes "forward-looking statements" that reflect the information in relation to NKSJ Holdings, Inc. ("NKSJ"). To the extent that statements in this document do not relate to historical or current facts, they constitute forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are based on the current assumptions and beliefs of NKSJ in light of the information currently available to NKSJ, and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors. Such risks, uncertainties and other factors may cause the actual results, performance, achievements or financial position of NKSJ, as the case may be, to be materially different from any future results, performance, achievements or financial position expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. NKSJ does not undertake or will not undertake any obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statements after the date of this document. Investors are advised to consult any further disclosures by NKSJ in their subsequent domestic filings in Japan and filings with, or submissions to, the U.S. Securities Exchange Commission pursuant to the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

The risks, uncertainties and other factors referred to above include, but are not limited to, those below.

- (1) Effects of deterioration of economic and business conditions in Japan
- (2) Risks associated with non-life insurance business, life insurance business, and other businesses in which the NKSJ Group participates
- (3) Changes to laws, regulations, and systems
- (4) Risk of natural disasters
- (5) Occurrence of unpredictable damages
- (6) Reinsurance risk
- (7) Overseas business risk
- (8) Effects of declining stock price
- (9) Effects of fluctuation in exchange rate
- (10) Effects of fluctuation in interest rate
- (11) Liquidity risk
- (12) Effects of decline in creditworthiness of investment and/or loan counterparties
- (13) Credit rating downgrade
- (14) Litigation risk
- (15) Risk concerning retirement benefit liabilities
- (16) Occurrence of personal information leak
- (17) Damage on business operations by major disasters
- (18) Effects resulting from business integration
- (19) Other risks